Approval

Issued Date: Jun. 16, 2009 Model No.: M220Z1-L03



TFT LCD Approval Specification

MODEL NO.: M220Z1-L03

Customer :	LGE	_
Approved by :		
Note:		

核准時間	部門	審核	角色	投票
2009-06-25 09:05:51	MTR 產品管理處	9 2009.06.25 柏 勳	Director	Accept



11.6 OTHERS

12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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REVISION HISTORY

			REVISION HISTORY
Version	Date	Section	Description
Ver. 3.0	Nov,05 '07	All	M220Z1-L03 Specifications was first issued ∘
Ver. 3.1	Feb,12 '09	1.4	Add power consumption item
		1.5	Add note(2)
		3.1	Add power consumption item and note(5)
		3.3	Modify content of note(1), note(2), note(5)
		6.2	Modify the content
		7.2	Add CR.>5 view angle SPEC.
		8	Change package method form 6pcs/1box to 8pcs/1box and package spec.
		9.1	Add Fab ID on S/N label and a table of Fab ID definition.
			Modify "Revision code" description of customer's barcode definition.
			Modify "Cell line" description of customer's barcode definition.
		10.3	Add "safety standard" item.
.,	1 10/00	10.4	Add "other" item.
Ver. 3.2	Jun,16 '09	1.5	Modify Weight value.
		2.2	Delete item "logic input voltage".
		4.1	Modify the content of "INPUT CONNECTER".
		5.1	Modify the content of "Note(1)", "Note(2)", "Note(3)".
		6.2 10	Modify the t7 value; the content of "Note(6)",and add "Note(7)". Add section 10 and its content.
		11	Modify section title from section 10(original) to section 11, and add item 11.4,
		11	item 11.5.
			item 11.5.
			~0
	10/10/1		
	-		



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1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

1.1 OVERVIEW

The M220Z1-L03 model is a 22 inch wide TFT-LCD module with a 4-CCFL Backlight Unit and a 30-pin 2ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1680 x 1050 WSXGA+ (16:10 wide screen) mode and displays up to 16.7 millions colors. The inverter module for the Backlight Unit is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Super wide viewing angle
- High contrast ratio
- Fast response time
- High color saturation (EBU Like Specifications)
- WSXGA⁺ (1680 x 1050 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface

1.3 APPLICATION

- Workstation & desktop monitor
- Display terminals for AV application

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Diagonal size	558.68	mm	-
Active Area	473.76x296.1	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	477.7 (H) x 300.1 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1680 x R.G.B. x 1050	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.282(H) x 0.282(V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7 millions	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally White	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), AG (Haze 25%)	_	-
Module Power Consumption	29.65	Watt	(2)

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

It	em	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	493.2	493.7	494.2	mm	
Module Size	Vertical(V)	319.6	320.1	320.6	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	16	16.5	17	mm	
We	eight	-	2870	2920	g	-
I/F connec	tor mounting	The mounting in				
pos	sition	the screen cente	-	_		

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Please refer to sec.3.1 & 3.2 in this document for more information of power consumption.



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2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

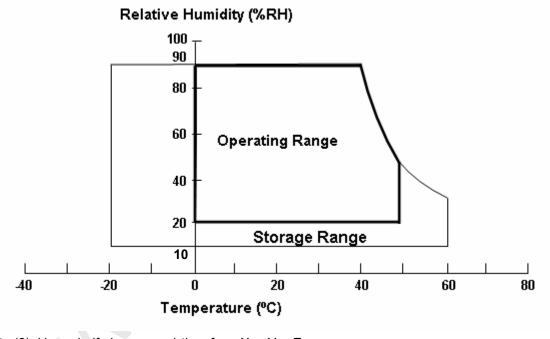
2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Oill		
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	(1)	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	ပ္	(1), (2)	
Shock (Non-Operating)	S _{NOP}	-	50	G	(3), (5)	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	-	1	G	(4), (5)	
LCD Cell Life Time	L _{CELL}	50,000	-	Hrs	MTBF based	

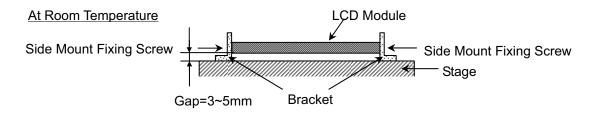
Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90% RH Max. (Ta \leq 40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.

Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C Min. and 60 °C Max.



- Note (3) 11 ms, half-sine wave, 1 time for $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$.
- Note (4) 10 ~ 300 Hz, sweep rate 10 min / cycle, 30 min for X,Y,Z axis
- Note (5) Upon the Vibration and Shock tests, the fixture used to hold the module must be firm and rigid enough to prevent the module from twisting or bending by the fixture.



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2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Ullit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+5.5	V	(1)

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol Va		lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Ullit	Note	
Lamp Voltage	V _L	-	2.5K	V_{RMS}	(1) , (2) , $I_L = 7.0 \text{ mA}$	
Lamp Current	ΙL	3.0	8.0	mA _{RMS}	(1) (2)	
Lamp Frequency	FL	40	80	KHz	(1), (2)	

Note (1) Permanent damage might occur if the module is operated at conditions exceeding the maximum values.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to 3.2 for further information).





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3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

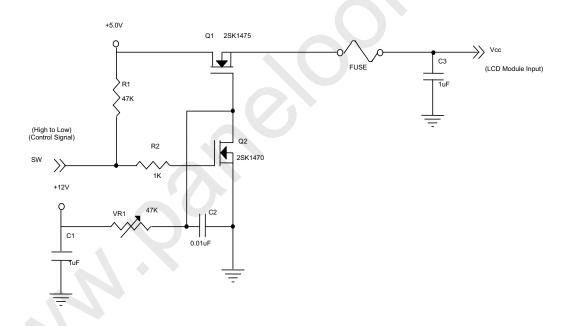
Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
Falai	raiaillelei		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	NOLE
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-
Ripple Voltage		V_{RP}	-	-	250	mV	-
Rush Current	Rush Current		-	-	3	Α	(2)
	White		-	630	819	mA	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black	Icc	-	1170	1521	mA	(3)b
	$f_V = 75Hz, Vcc=4.5V$		-	1330	1729	mA	(4)
Power Consumption(without Backlight Unit)		PLCD	-	5.85	7.605	Watt	(5)
LVDS differential input voltage		Vid	200	-	600	mV	-
LVDS common input voltage		Vic	-	1.2		V	-

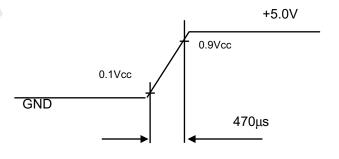
Above all conditions are VDD=5.0V, all black pattern at 75HZ.

Note (1) The module is recommended to operate within specification ranges listed above for normal function.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



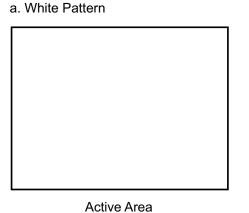
Vcc rising time is 470μs





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Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 5.0 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 °C, $f_v = 60$ Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



b. Black Pattern



Active Area

Note (4) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 4.5 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 °C, $f_v = 75$ Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern (Black Pattern) below is displayed.

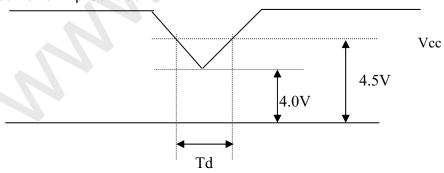
Black Pattern



Active Area

Note (5)The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current.

3.2 Vcc Power Dip Condition:



Dip condition: $4.0V \le Vcc \le 4.5V, Td \le 20ms$



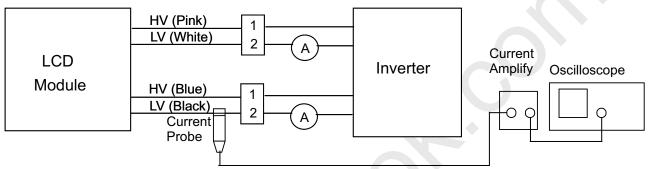
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3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note		
rarameter	Syllibol	Min.	Min. Typ.		Offic	Note	
Lamp Input Voltage	V_L	738	820	902	V_{RMS}	$I_{L} = 7.0 \text{mA}$	
Lamp Current	ΙL	3	7.0	8	mA_{RMS}	(1)	
Lamp Turn On Voltage	Vs	-	-	1560(25°C)	V_{RMS}	(2)	
Lamp rum On voltage		-	-	1800(0°C)	V_{RMS}	(2)	
Operating Frequency	F_L	40	60	80	KHz	(3)	
Lamp Life Time	L_BL	50000	-	-	Hrs	$(5) I_L = 7.0 \text{mA}$	
Power Consumption	P_L	-	22.96	-	W	$(4), I_L = 7.0 \text{mA}$	

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing high-frequency current meters as shown below:



Measure equipment:

Current Amplify: Tektronix TCPA300 Current probe: Tektronix TCP312

Oscilloscope: TDS3054B

- Note (2) The voltage that must be larger than Vs should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise, the lamp may not be turned on normally. It is the value output voltage of NF circuit.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronization frequency from the display, which might cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronization frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4) $P_L = I_L \times V_L \times 4CCFLs$
- Note (5) The lifetime of lamp can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition Ta = 25 \pm 2 °C and I₁ = 7 mArms until one of the following events occurs:
 - (a) When the brightness becomes or lower than 50% of its original value.
 - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes \leq 80% of its original value. (The effective ignition length is a scope that luminance is over 80% of that at the center point.)
- Note (6) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid producing too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the



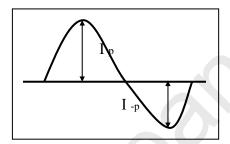


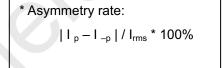
inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.

The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform. (Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$;
- c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.





Distortion rate $I_p (or I_{-p}) / I_{rms}$

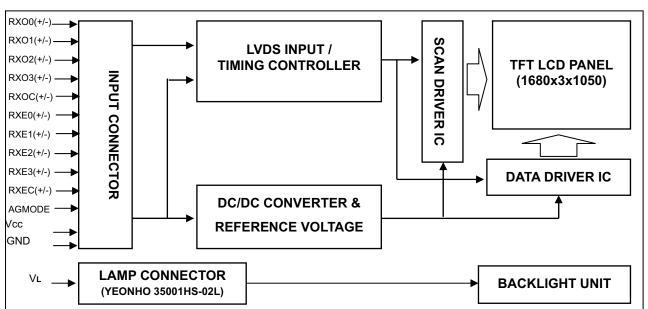


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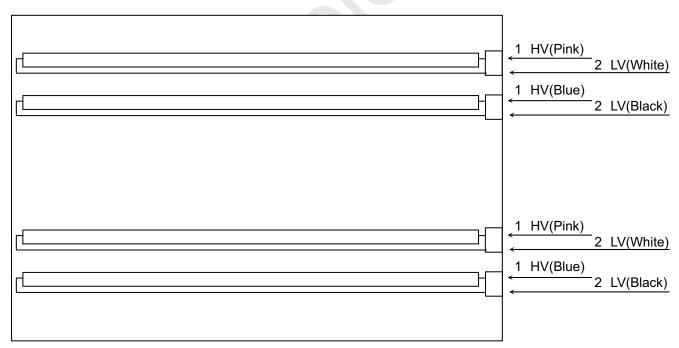
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4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT



Note: On the same side, the same-polarity lamp voltage design for lamps is recommended

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5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Name	Description
1	RXO0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
2	RXO0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O0 (odd)
3	RXO1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
4	RXO1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O1 (odd)
5	RXO2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
6	RXO2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O2 (odd)
7	GND	Ground
8	RXOC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
9	RXOC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (odd)
10	RXO3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel O3(odd)
11	RXO3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel O3 (odd)
12	RXE0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
13	RXE0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E0 (even)
14	GND	Ground
15	RXE1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
16	RXE1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E1 (even)
17	GND	Ground
18	RXE2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
19	RXE2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E2 (even)
20	RXEC-	Negative LVDS differential clock input. (even)
21	RXEC+	Positive LVDS differential clock input. (even)
22	RXE3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
23	RXE3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel E3 (even)
24	GND	Ground
25	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
26	VCOM	VCOM Control, should be open.
27	AGMODE	AGMODE should be tied to ground or open.
28	VCC	+5.0V power supply
29	VCC	+5.0V power supply
30	VCC	+5.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.: 093G30-B0001A(STARCONN) or MSAKT2407P30HA (STM) or FI-XB30SSL-HF(JAE).

- Note (2) Mating Wire Cable Connector Part No.: FI-X30H(JAE) or FI-X30HL(JAE).
- Note (3) Mating FFC Cable Connector Part No.: 217007-013001 (P-TWO) or JF05X030-1 (JAE).
- Note (4) The first pixel is odd.
- Note (5) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.



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5.2 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE

LVDS Channel E0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel E0	Data order	EG0	ER5	ER4	ER3	ER2	ER1	ER0
LVDS Channel E1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel E1	Data order	EB1	EB0	EG5	EG4	EG3	EG2	EG1
LVDS Channel E2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Channel E2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	EB5	EB4	EB3	EB2
L) /DC Ob and all E0	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVDS Channel E3	Data order	NA	EB7	EB6	EG7	EG6	ER7	ER6
LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Charmer 00	Data order	OG0	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2	OR1	OR0
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Charmer OT	Data order	OB1	OB0	OG5	OG4	OG3	OG2	OG1
LVDS Channel O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Chamilei O2	Data order	DE	NA	NA	OB5	OB4	OB3	OB2
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
	Data order	NA	OB7	OB6	OG7	OG6	OR7	OR6





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5.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Pin	Symbol	Description	Remark
1	HV	High Voltage	Pink
2	LV	Low Voltage	White
1	HV	High Voltage	Blue
2	LV	Low Voltage	Black

Note (1) Connector Part No.: YEONHO 35001HS-02L or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: YEONHO 35001WR-02L or equivalent

5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

COIOI VE	ersus data iriput.																								
												Da	ata	Sigr	nal										
	Color				Re									reer							Bli				
	1	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	В3	B2		B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:		:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Dide	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



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6. INTERFACE TIMING

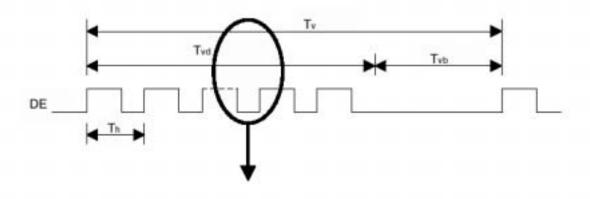
6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

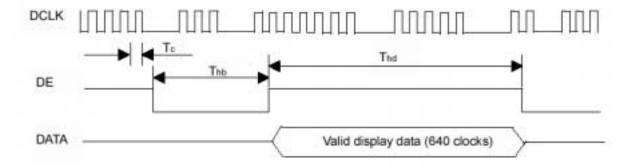
The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Frequency	Fc	50	59.5	82	MHz	-
LVDS Clock	Period	Tc	13.4	16.8	-	ns	-
LVD3 Clock	High Time	Tch	-	4/7	-	Tc	-
	Low Time	Tcl	-	3/7	-	Tc	-
LVDS Data	Setup Time	Tlvs	600	-	-	ps	-
	Hold Time	Tlvh	600	-	-	ps	-
	Frame Rate	Fr	50	60	76	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Active Display Torm	Total	Tv	1060	1080	1195	Th	-
Vertical Active Display Term	Display	Tvd	1050	1050	1050	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	Tv-Tvd	30	Tv-Tvd	Th	-
	Total	Th	890	920	1000	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	840	840	840	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	Th-Thd	80	Th-Thd	Tc	-

Note: (1) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM





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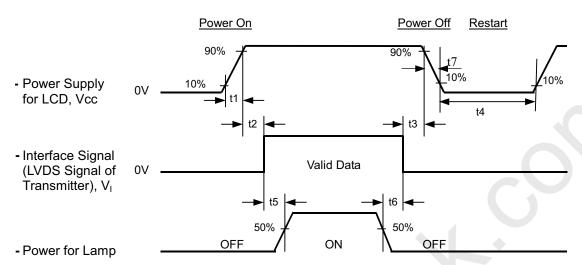


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6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Timing Specifications:

 $0.5 < t1 \le 10 \text{ msec}$

 $0 < t2 \le 50 \text{ msec}$

 $0 < t3 \le 50 \text{ msec}$

 $t4 \ge 500 \text{ msec}$

 $t5 \ge 450 \, \text{msec}$

 $t6 \ge 90 \text{ msec}$

 $5 \le t7 \le 500 \text{ msec}$

Note:

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- (6) CMO won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- (7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "t7 spec".



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7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit				
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	O°				
Ambient Humidity	Ha	50±10	%RH				
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	5.0	V				
Input Signal	According to typical v	According to typical value in "3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"					
Inverter Current	IL	7.0	mA				
Inverter Driving Frequency	F _L	61	KHz				
Inverter	Darfon VK.13165.101						

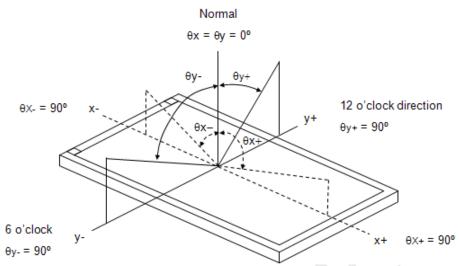
7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Iter	m	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Red	Rx		A 1	0.649			
	Red	Ry			0.335			
	Green	Gx	θ_x =0° , θ_Y =0°		0.283			
Color	Green	Gy	CS-1000T	Тур –	0.605	Typ +		(4) (5)
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx	R=G=B=255 Grayscale	0.03	0.151	0.03	-	(1), (5)
	Bide	Ву	Crayodalo		0.073			
	\\/bita	Wx			0.313			
	White	Wy			0.329			
Center Luminance of White		L _C		250	300	-	cd/m ²	(4), (5)
Contrast Ratio		CR		700	1000	-	-	(2), (6)
Decrease Time		T _R	$\theta_x = 0^\circ$, $\theta_Y = 0^\circ$	-	1.3	2.2	ms	(3)
Response Time		T _F	θ _χ =υ , θγ =υ	-	3.7	5.8	ms	(3)
White Variation		δW	θ_{x} =0°, θ_{Y} =0°	-	1.3	1.42	-	(5), (6)
	11	θ_x +		75	85	-		
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_{x} -	CR≧10	75	85	-	Deg.	Viewin
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θ _Y +	OI \ € 10	70	80	-	Deg.	g Angle
	vertical	θ _Y -		70	80	-		
	Horizontal	θ_x +		80	89	-		
Viewing Angle	Tionzoniai	θ_{x} -	CR≧5	80	89	-	Deg.	Viewin
	Vertical	θ _Y +	5 1.(≡ 5	75	85	-	Dog.	g Angle
	vortical	θ_{Y} -		75	85	1		

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Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

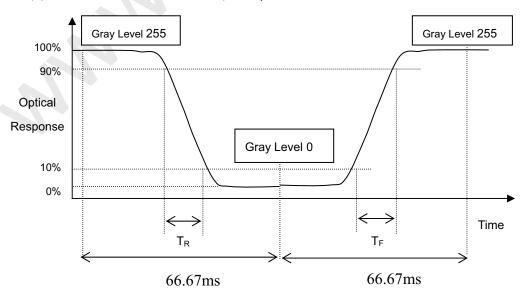
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F):



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Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

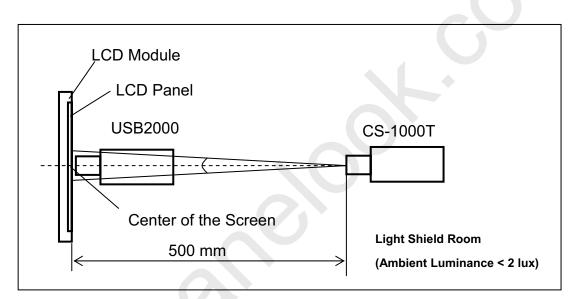
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$$L_{\rm C} = L (5)$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

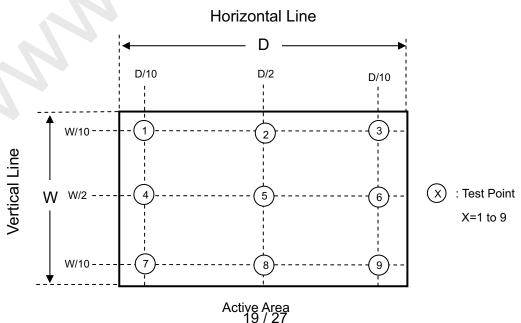
The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.



Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 9 points

 $\delta W = Maximum [L (1) \sim L (9)] / Minimum [L (1) \sim L (9)]$





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8. PACKAGING

8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 8 LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 570(L) X 300 (W) X 430 (H) mm
- (3) Weight: 25.65Kg (8 modules per box)

8.2 PACKING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
	ISTA STANDARD	
	Random, Frequency Range: 1 – 200 Hz	
Vibration	Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z),	Non Operation
	Right & Left: 10 minutes (X)	
	Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)	
Dropping Test	1Corner, 3 Edge, 6 Face, 45.7cm	Non Operation

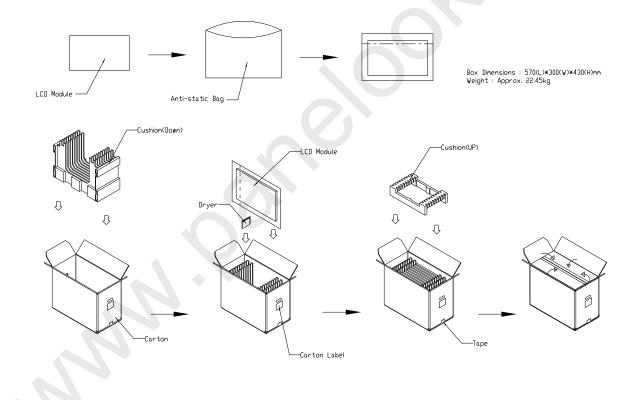


Figure. 8-1 Packing method

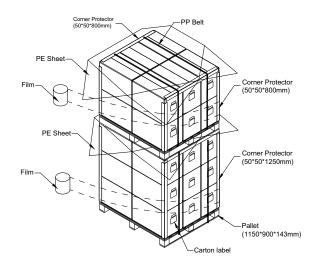


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Sea/Land Transportation

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft HQ Container)



Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)

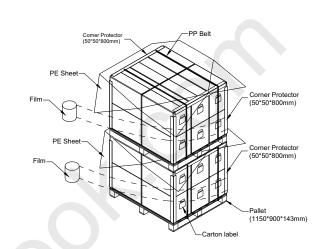
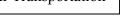


Figure. 8-2 Packing method

Air Transportation

Air Transportation



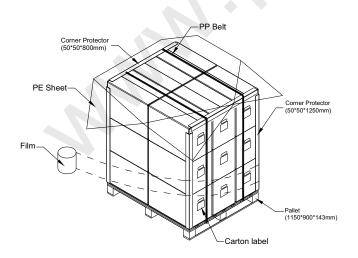


Figure. 8-3 Packing method

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9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: M220Z1-L03

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

(c) CMO barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-X-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
XX	CMO internal use	-
XX	Revision	Cover all the change
Χ	CMO internal use	-
XX	CMO internal use	-
	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4
YMD		Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C
		Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U.
L	Product line #	Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Customer's barcode definition:

Serial ID: CM-22Z13-X-X-X-XX-L-XX-L-YMD-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
CM	Supplier code	CMO=CM
22Z13	Model number	M220Z1-L03=22Z13
Х	Revision code	ZBD: A~Z Non ZBD: 1,2,~,8,9
X	Source driver IC code	Century=1, CLL=2, Demos=3, Epson=4, Fujitsu=5, Himax=6, Hitachi=7, Hynix=8, LDI=9, Matsushita=A, NEC=B, Novatec=C,
X	Gate driver IC code	OKI=D, Philips=E, Renasas=F, Samsung=G, Sanyo=H, Sharp=I, TI=J, Topro=K, Toshiba=L, Windbond=M
XX	Cell location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN
L	Cell line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
XX	Module location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN; Ningbo China=NP
L	Module line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, T, U, V
NNNN	Serial number	By LCD supplier





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(e) UL Factory ID:

Region	Factory ID
TWCMO	GEMN
NBCMO	LEOO
NBCME	CANO
NHCMO	CAPG

10. RELIABILITY TEST

Environment test conditions are listed as following table.

Items	Required Condition	Note
Temperature Humidity Bias (THB)	Ta= 50°C , 80%RH, 240hours	-
High Temperature Operation (HTO)	Ta= 50℃ , 50%RH , 240hours	-
Low Temperature Operation (LTO)	Ta= 0°C , 240hours	-
High Temperature Storage (HTS)	Ta= 60°C , 240hours	-
Low Temperature Storage (LTS)	Ta= -20°C , 240hours	-
Vibration Test (Non-operation)	Acceleration: 1.5 Grms Wave: Half-sine Frequency: 10 - 300 Hz Sweep: 30 Minutes each Axis (X, Y, Z)	-
Shock Test (Non-operation)	Acceleration: 50 G Wave: Half-sine Active Time: 11 ms Direction: ± X, ± Y, ± Z.(one time for each Axis)	-
Thermal Shock Test (TST)	-20°C/30min , 60°C / 30min , 100 cycles	-
On/Off Test	25℃ ,On/10sec , Off /10sec , 30,000 cycles	-
CSD (Floatra Statio Discharge)	Contact Discharge: ± 8KV, 150pF(330Ω)	-
ESD (Electro Static Discharge)	Air Discharge: ± 15KV, 150pF(330Ω)	-
Altitude Test	Operation:10,000 ft / 24hours Non-Operation:30,000 ft / 24hours	-



11. PRECAUTIONS

11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than room temperature.

11.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

11.3 SAFETY STANDARDS

The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

- (1) UL60950-1 or updated standard.
- (2) IEC60950-1 or updated standard.

11.4 STORAGE

(1) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0°C to 35°C and relative humidity of less



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than 70%.

- (2) Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight.
- (3) The module should be stored in dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light in storing.

11.5 OPERATION CONDITION GUIDE

(1) The LCD product should be operated under normal condition. Normal condition is defined as below:

Temperature : 20±15°C

Humidity: 65±20%

Display pattern: continually changing pattern(Not stationary)

(2) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, high humidity, high altitude, display pattern or operation time etc...It is strongly recommended to contact CMO for application engineering advice .Otherwise, its reliability and function may not be guaranteed.

11.6 OTHERS

When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.

